



Golda Meir With President J F Kennedy



Meir enjoying a Cigarette



A Young Golda

Golda Mabovitch Meir

Born	3 May 1898
Education	North Division High School Her mother wanted her to leave school and marry, but she rebelled she also attended the Milwaukee Normal School.
Family	She got married to Morris Meyerson at the age of 24
Father	Blume Neiditch
Mother	Moshe Mabovitch

About Golda

Meir was elected Prime Minister of Israel on 17 March 1969 after serving as Minister of Labour and Foreign Minister. Israel's first and the world's third woman to hold such an office, she was described as the "Iron Lady" of Israeli politics

Meir before serving as prime minister she served as Ambassador to Moscow, Labour minister In 1949 and latter Foreign minister In 1956

After Levi Eshkol's sudden death on 26 February 1969, the party elected Meir as his successor Meir came out of retirement to take office on 17 March 1969, serving as prime minister until 1974. Meir maintained the coalition government formed in 1967, after the Six-Day War, in which Mapai merged with two other parties (Rafi and Ahdut HaAvoda) to form the Israel Labour party

In 1969 and the early 1970s, Meir met with many world leaders to promote her vision of peace in the Middle East, including Richard Nixon (1969), Nicolae Ceausescu (1972) and Pope Paul VI (1973). In 1973, she hosted the chancellor of West Germany, Willy Brandt in Israel

In August 1970, Meir accepted a U.S. peace initiative that called for an end to the War of Attrition and an Israeli pledge to withdraw to "secure and recognized boundaries" in the framework of a comprehensive peace settlement. The Gahal party quit the national unity government in protest, but Meir continued to lead the remaining coalition.

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