



### General Tito Lutwa Okello

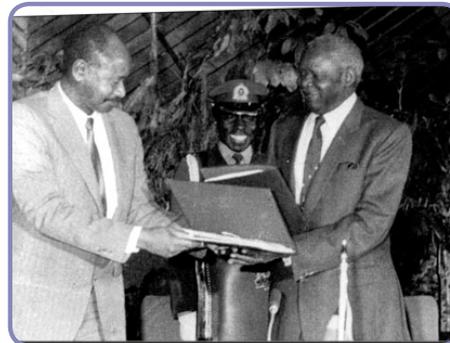
**Born** Into an ethnic Acholi family in 1914 in Kitgum District

**Family** Tito Okello's son [Henry Oryem Okello](#) is the current State Minister for Foreign Affairs responsible for International Affairs.

For more information visit the [Wikipedia](#) insight and [Google](#) page



With the army commander of the UNLA, Maj. Gen. David Oyite Ojok,



Exchanging peace agreement documents with Museveni in Nairobi



**Lead To Serve**



Swearing in as president after the overthrow of Milton Obote II.

### About Tito

He was a Ugandan military officer and politician. He was the President of Uganda from 29 July 1985 until 26 January 1986.

He joined the King's African Rifles in 1940 and served in the East African Campaign of World War II. As a career military officer, he had a variety of assignments.

Okello was one of the commanders in the coalition between the Tanzania People's Defence Force and the Uganda National Liberation Army, who removed Idi Amin from power in 1979. He was selected to be the Commander of the Ugandan National Liberation Army from 1980 to 1985.

In July 1985, together with Bazilio Olara-Okello, Tito Lutwa Okello staged the coup d'état that ousted president Milton Obote. He ruled as president for six months until he was overthrown by the National Resistance Army (NRA) operating under the leadership of the current president, Yoweri Museveni. He went into exile in Kenya after he was ousted.

Okello remained in exile until 1993, when he was granted amnesty by President Museveni and returned to Kampala.[2] He died three years later, of an undisclosed illness, on 3 June 1996.[2] He was 82 years old at the time of his death.[2] His remains were buried at his ancestral home in Kitgum District.

In January 2010, Okello was posthumously awarded the Kagera National Medal of Honor for fighting against the Idi Amin dictatorship in the 1970s